

PUBLISHED DAILY AND TRI-WEEKLY BY EDGAR SNOW DEN.

ALEXANDRIA:

FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 16, 1858

The Richmond Enquirer takes ground openly and boldly in defence of SENATOR Douglas, against the imputations concerning his Democracy. It declares that his present position, in refusing to stoop to the attitade of a repentant supplicant, is a correct and proper one; and that if he had adopted any other course, it would have involved him, and the whole Democratic party in Illinois, in inevitable defeat. It concludes by saying: -"We predict that the best of his violent assailants will, ere long, retract every basty expression hitherto employed against the man who is fighting so ardently the battle of right eye and its ligaments entirely out of this, informing him of what had been done, the constitutional rights of the South, on Northern soil. Already we hear it suggested that some of the ultraists are gravely considering the propriety of putting Mr. Douglas forward as their favorite candidate for the nomination at Charleston."

The National Intelligencer regards the testimonies of respect paid to Senator Davis, of Mississippi, by the citizens of Portland, Maine,-testimonies rendered by citizens of the extreme Northeast to an eminent "representative man" of the far Southwest, as illustrating the essential unity which, under all the diversities of geographical sections and political creeds, continues, as it must ever continue, to make us one and a united people. Mr. Davis's reply to these courtesies was every way happy-consistent, union- tants is beginning to suffer. loving-conciliatory, and appropriate.

The Fifth Annual Exhibition of the Virginia Mechanics' Institute will take place on Wednesday, the 20th day of October, 1858, at the new and spacious Hall of the Institute, on Ninth Street, between Main and ken, which, however, yet possessed three Bi-Franklin, Riebmond, Va. Mechanics, Manufacturers, Artists, Inventors and others in the State of Virginia, as well as the country at large, are respectfully invited to avail themselves of the opportunity thus afforded to display their taste and skill in the collection about to be made. Premiums will be two of his teeth blown out. distributed.

A man named Wood was executed on the 9th inst., at Rochester, N. Y. having been convicted of poisoning the widow of his brother. He died making general protestations of "innocence" and "persecution," and so on-but his declarations were made in the face of testimony so clear and convincing as to leave no possible doubt of his guilt. The murder for which he suffered was but one in a series of poisonings of which he was guilty. The first victim was his own mother, who was poisoned to terminate a life interest which she held in a farm which Wood inberited and wanted to sell. He then married, and after conducting himself so outrageously that his father-in-law informed him that he should so dispose of the estate as to prevent Wood from squandering any more of the money, he administered poison to his wife. He then, to obtain the property of his brother, poisoned both that brother and his wife, and was only prevented from murdering their two children by the interference of triends, who took them to New Jersey. Taking out letters of administration, he by forged notes made his brother's estate largely in his debt, After perpetrating all these murders without exciting suspicion, he engaged in land speculations with a Mr. Johnson, who, it is proven, was suffering from the effects of a course of poisoning, when Wood was arrested and brought to New York. Johnson had contributed capital which Wood intended to obtain by murdering his partner. Some two years after the murder of Wood's brother and sister-in-law, a paper of arsenic was found in the barn which belonged to him. This and other suspicious circumstances led to the disinterment of the remains of his wife in whose stomach large quantities of this poison was found.

The agreement of the four great East and West railroad lines, recently adopted at the convention held at the St. Nicholas Hotel, New York, was pressented to the Directors pajuata, and a number of orders that had of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, on Wedneeday, and, after considerable discussion. ratified by the large vote of 19 to 3. The contract was generally recognized as highly corservative, beneficial and valuable to the great railroad interests of the country, and as cal- At Monelia, two churches and several houses culated to inaugurate many important reforms in the management of these immense properties, and insure remunerative rates of transportation, etc.

Mr. Barbee, the Sculptor, is busily engaged in his studio in Baltimore, on several works of art, destined to add to his fame, and, we hope, to his "material aid and comfort." He has under his hands--"Pride"the Fisher Girl-"Gratitude"-The Coquette distinguished gentlemen. These works all his stand, and day after day asked alms of receive high praise.

The new sloop-of-war Pensacola is advancing rapidly under the vigorous blows of the asked him if he would like to work, and ofbraces are all in, the breast and after books the beggar replied—"I could't afford to work or molested by the army under your comall inserted, and the work of planking is commenced. The last session of Congress appriated \$300,000 for the completion of this work, in addition to the \$200,000 previously appropriated.

Some offence has been given, in consequence of the failure to invite Hon. C. J. Faulkner, to the Barbecue in Clarke County -and various newspaper comments are made on the subject.

in the adjoining counties, also, disappoints injured by the long drought.

It is said that Mr. Samuel Chilton's defence of Barrett and Williams, for the murder of Reeve Lewis, in Washington, was a the facts he had to meet.

News of the Day.

The Vice Regent of the Mount Vernon Association for Alabama, Mrs. Ostavia Wal ton Le Vert, was honored by a most hearty response to the appeal she addressed to her State. Between seven in the morning and seven at night, of the 4th of July, she reeived seven hundred dollars for Mount

"To show the very age and body of the TIMES."

A very serious accident occurred at Michigan City on Saturday night week, while celebrating the Fourth. A man in attempting to climb on the platform where the fireworks were lit, hit the rod of a rocket just as the fire was touched to it and poised it in a horizontal direction. It went into a crowd of people who were on the piazza of the Waverly House, which was 56 paces distant. The rocket struck a boy in the side of the face, entirely carrying away one cheek. The rod became disengaged from the rocket and passed on, hitting the wife of Dr. N. G. Sherman in the side of the neck just above the collar bone, and passed through so that the end stuck out some eix or eight inches.

Anthony McLaughlin, of Wheeling, Virginia, met with an unfortunate accident at Martinsville, Onio, on Toursday last. He was walking down a hill near the town and met with a Mr. Darreh driving a bull, coming up. Mr. Darrab called to McLaughlin to look out for the vicious animal, but before he could get out of the way the bull made at him ferociously, striking him in the face, breaking his check bone and tearing his

A meeting of the Board of Health of Castleton, Staten Island, was held yesterday afternoon, to devise measures to prevent the spread of contagious diseases from the Quarantine ground. Dr. Munday, the Health Officer, stated that there was danger to be apprehended by permitting sailors with their baggage, and men employed in the Quarantine ground, to have access to the town and proceeding to New York in the Staten Island

The region at the West recently submerged by the overflow of the rivers, is now afflicted by miasma, caused by the decaying matter left upon the subsidence of the floods. Droves of hogs turned out upon the reclaimed lands along the Illinois shore, are dying off rapidly from the epidemic which has suddenly broken our; the health of the inhabi-

We see it stated, upon what may be conidered reliable authority, that thirty thousand Christians have recently been found upon an island, north of Celebes. It had been rumored for a time, that there was a Christian people there, forgotten and forsables, and continued steadfast in the faith.

Caspar Heisenbaucher, a young German, was very badly injured in Chicago on Monday, 5th instant, by firing, on a wager of half a dime, a cracker held in his mouth .-He won the bet, but was most seriously burnt, his tongue and cheeks were lacerated, and

A party of engineers, mechanics and la borers, to the number of one hundred and sixty, with an abundance of materials, have sailed from New York in the barque Rapid, for the Isthmus of Tehuantepec, for the purpose of opening the transit route.

The revenue cutter Harriet Lane arrived at Norfolk, 14th inst.; having on boad Miss Lane, Secretary Cobb, Hon. E. Ward, Sir Old Point and Annapolis.

The Secretary of the Navy has assigned, under the late act, one sloop to be built at each of the ports of Portsmouth, Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Norfolk and Pensacola; the seventh is yet undetermined, but claimed

by Washington, and urged for Philadelphia. The Germans, citizene of the United States, intend having a national "Pic Nic," for the purpose of raising money to erect a menument to the memory of the gallant General Baron Steuben.

Gov. Cumming testifies to having observed a wagon on the road from Salt Like City to Prove, which was drawn by pigs, harnessed while he, in fact, was in debt to that estate. to the tongue, by an ingenious combination of straps and cords.

The salt manufacturers in Kanawba and the Obio river, have concluded an arrangement by which their salt is to be kept up at a fair remunerating price in all the markets.

The late religious revivals in New York, have produced some strikingly interesting results. Two converted actors have been preaching and giving in their "experience." The Cabinet has scattered for summer re-

creation. Important from Mexico.

New ORLBANS, July 13 -The Picayune has received intelligence from Mexico to the 29th ult., three days later. The order for the levy of the forced loan upon imports, had been countermanded in the province of Guabeen issued for the expulsion of those foreigners refusing its payment, had been withdrawn.

The earthquake reported in previous ac and 20th, with the most disastrous effects .sides sixteen of the inhabitants being killed. the valley of Salt Lake or elsewhere. We From other portions of the country we have have their assurance that no resistance will troyed. The earthquake was the most fear- the United States in the exercise of their vaful one for half a century, and no portion of the country is believed to have escaped its visitation.

Could'nt Afford It." Some months since, on the corner of Nassau and Spruce streets, a beggar bad taken all who passed. A gentleman who was engaged in superintending the construction of a new building, thought the beggar looked like an able bodied man, and went over and swer. "Because I average a dollar and a half a day, here, begging, and I can't afford to lose the half dollar." He soon after moved from that stand. This is a specimen of property of peaceable citizens during the of the refreshments. Then came the question,

Shenandosh Court.

of the county court, on Monday last. In their houses and farms. deed, those only who had business of importance to attend to were present. But little &c., necessary for the subsistence and convety, Md., is a very poor one-and the yield business of importance was transacted. nience of your army. We have conversed There were, however, some two or three of with Mr. Ficklin fully on this subject, and those "interesting" cases disposed of, that given him all the information we have, which all expectation. The tobacco crop has been create no little fuss and scandal in a neigh- he will impart to you. We respectfully sugborhood, and which it would be infinitely gest that you march to the valley as soon as better to compromise in some way, than to it is convenient for you to do so. We have __ jy 16-eo3.* run the gauntlet of a disgusting investiga- the honor to be, very respectfully, your obetion in court. We would suggest, that a dient servants, moderate dose of matrimony, if taken in time, would prevent the occurrence of such things, most ingenious and able one, considering and prove creditable to all parties .- Woodstock Tenth Legion.

Important from Utah Territory. The Peace Commissioners to the Sec'y of War. HEADQUARTERS, DEPARTMENT OF UTAH, GREAT SALT LAKE CITY,

UTAH TERRITORY, June 12, 1858. DEAR SIR: We have the honor to report hat we reached this city on the 7th instant. We lost no time in placing ourselves in communication with the chief men of the Mormon people. After the fullest and freest conties existing between the the government of the United States and the people of Utah .--We are informed by the people and chief men of the Territory that they will cheerfully yield obedience to the constitution and consent that the civil officers of the Territo respective duties. They will make no resistance to the army of the United States in its march to the valley of Salt Lake or elsewhere. We have their assurance that no resistance will be made to the officers, civil or military, of the United States, in the exercise of their various functions in the Territory of Utah.

The people have abandoned all the settlenents north of this, and all the families have left the city, only about fitteen hundred persons remaining here to take charge of the property, and to burn it, if the difficulties had not been settied. The people from this city miles south of this, and to points beyond.

We will visit Provo and the settlements south, in a day or two, and see and confer with the people, and inform them that the difficulties have been settled, and thus induce them to return to their homes. We have written to Gen. Johnston by the messenger that will bear and that he could march his army to the val ley whenever he desired to do so. We intend to remain and visit the people and converse with them until Gen. Johnston's army arrives. We think it important that we re main until the army is located in the valley. We have but a moment to write, as the express will start in a few moments.

We will in a few days forward a detailed report. We have the honor to be, very respectfully, your ob't serv'ts. L. W. Powell, Ben. McCulloch,

Commissioners to Utah. Hon. John B. Floyd, Secretary of War.

The Utah Army-News from Gen. Johnston HEADQUARTERS, DEPARTMENT OF UTAH, Camp on Bear River, U. T., June 16.

Major: I have the honor to report that the murch of the army of Utah commenced on the 13th inst. The advance, composed of the 2d dragoons, commanded by Col. Cooke, the volunteer battalion, commanded by Lieut. Col. Bee, and Phelps' light battery, arrived here on the 14th inst. The 5th infantry, Col. Waite commanding, and Reno's heavy battery, on the 15th, accompanied by a part of the supply train. To-day, the 10th infantry, commanded by Col. Alexander, and a battalion, composed of I company of cavalry, 1 company of mounted rifles, 3 companies of the 3d, 2 companies of the 6th, and 1 company of the 7th infantry, commanded by Col. Loring, will arrive with the remainder of the supply train. The river rises during the night, but can be forded in the afternoon-the crossing, therefore, of the dragoons, volunteers, and trains was not effected till yesterday evening. An old bridge above the ford was sufficiently repaired to enable Capt. Phelps to pass his pieces and caissons over by hand. This evening Captain Reno's battery will be crossed in the same way .-The 5th infantry and trains will cross this evening, and, if there is time afterwards, the 10th infantry. Col. Loring's battalion and trains will also cross, and the march will be resumed to-morrow in the order directed by my order of this date, herewith. The march a. m. to the valley will be made in five days.

On the day of my arrival at this place, I W. Gore Ousley, Count Sartiges, Collector received a communication from the United at 6.15 a.m. Schell, and others. She left at 2 P. M. for States commissioners, the Hon. L. W. Powell and Maj. B. McCulloch, of which the ecclosed is a copy. I have the honor to transmit a copy of my reply and also a copy of a few remarks which it was thought I should address to the people to allay an unfounded apprehension prevailing among them.

Captain Newton, of the Engineer Corps, was detached vesterday with an escort of an officer and thirty men and the most experienced guide of the mountains, James Bridger, to examine thoroughly the country from this point to the head of Muddy creek, which flows into Bear river. (See map.) I believe the elevated table land between this and the western end of Cache valley can be ascended by easy gradations, and that the opposite the growth of Corn. I selected my stock in Lory was largely attended, and was addressed side can be descended into Cache valley without difficulty. If a good road should be found practicable, as I expect, I would res- at 5 o'clock, P. M., and at 6 o'clock A. M. pectfully suggest that the commander of the forces here may be authorized to order its construction immediately. The only communication between important districts should not long be allowed to continue through long

health of the troops continues excellent. With great respect, your obedient servant, A. S. Johnston, Col. 2d Cavalry, and Bvt. Brig. Gen'l U. S. A. Commanding. To Major IRVIN McDowell,

Assistant Adjutant General, U. S. A. The Peace Commissioners to Gen. Johnston.

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY,)

UTAH TERRITORY, June 12, 1858. DEAR SIR :-- We have the pleasure of in forming you that, after a full and free conference with the chief men of the Territory, we are informed by them that they will yield obedience to the constitution and laws of the United States; that they will not resist the execution of the laws in the Territory of counts continued to be felt on the 18th, 19th | Utah; that they cheerfully consent that the civil officers of the Territory shall enter upon the discharge of their respective duties; were laid prostrate, and at Talzasuaro four and that they will make no resistance to the churches and a number of dwellings, be- army of the United States in its march to accounts of many villages being entirely des- be made to the officers, civil or military, of rious functions in the Territory of Utah.

their persons nor property would be injured with welcome cheers and fire works. tion would greatly allay the existing anxiety | - "Have you got a pilot on board?" There was a very slim attendance on the and fear of the people, and cause those who part of the 'sovereigns' at the monthly term have abandoned their homes to return to

We have made inquiry about grass, wood,

BEN McCullon Commissioners to Utah, Gen. A. S. Johnston, Commanding Army of Utab, Camp Scott, Utab Territory.

Reply of Gen. Johnston.

Camp on Bear River, June 14, 1858. Gentlemen: Your communication from Salt Lake City was received to-day. The accomtirely in accordance with the instructions of Her purser reports the yellow fever still pre- From one of the papers we copy the annexed the President, the wisdom and forbearance of which you have so ably displayed to the ference with them, we are pleased to state people of the Territory, will, I hope, lead to that we have settled the unfortunate difficul- a more just appreciation of their relations to the general government, and the establishment of the supremacy of the laws.

I learn with surprise that uneasiness felt by the people as to the treatment they may receive from the army. Acting under laws of the United States. They cheerfully the two-fold obligations of citizens and soldiers, we may be supposed to comprehend ry shall enter upon the discharge of their the rights of the people, and to be sufficiently mindful of the obligations of our oaths not to disregard the laws which govern us as a military body. A reference to them will ernment has guarded the rights of citizens against any eucroachment. The army has duties to perform here in.

execution of the orders of the Department of War, which, from the nature of them, cannot lead to interference with the people in their various pursuits, and if no obstruction is presented to the discharge of those duties, there need not be the slightest apprehension and north of it have gone south to Provo, tifty | that any person whatever will have cause of complaint against it. The army will continue its march from this position on Thursdays. I desire to encamp beyond the Jordan on the day of arrival in the valley.

With great respect, your ob't. serv't., A. S. Johnston. Col. 21 Cavalry, and Brevet Brig. Gen. U. S. A., Commanding.

To the Hon. L. W. Powell and Maj. B. Mc-Culloch, U. S. Commissioners to Utah.

To the People of Utah. The Commissioners of the United States. deputed by the President to urge upon the people of this Territory the necessity of obedience to the constitution and laws, as enjoined by his proclamation, have this day in- been thoroughly examined, with the official formed me that there will be no obstruction laws of the federal government, nor any opposition on the part of the people of this Terfeel it incumbent on me, and have great satisfaction in doing so, to assure those citizens of the Territory who, I learn, apprehen! from the army ill treatment, that no person whatever will be in any wise interfered with, or molested in his person or rights, or in the peaceful pursuit of his avocations; and, should protection be needed, that they will find the army (always faithful to the obligations of duty) as ready now to assist and protect them, as it was to oppose them while it was believed they were resisting the laws of their government. A. S. Johnston, Colonel Second Cavalry and

Brevet Brig. Gen. Commanding. Headquarters, Department of Utah, Camp on Bear River, June 14th, 1858.

ORDER OF MARCH. GENERAL (HEADQUARTERS DEPAR'T. OF UTAH, Camp on Bear River, Utah Terr'y, ORDERS.

June 16th, 185 The army will continue the march to-mot ow, and daily bereafter till arrival in Salt Lake Valley, in the following order, each command being followed immediately by its train, and a proportion of the supply-train Brevet Col. C. F. Smith's Battalion, constituting the advanced guard, at 5, a. m.

10th Infantry and Phelps' Battery at 5.15 5th Infantry and Reno's Battery at 5.45

Col. Loring's Battalion of Mounted Riflemen, 1st Cavalry,

Volunteers at 6.30 a. m. 2nd Dragoons, constituting the rear guard, at 7 a. m. Commanders of Regiments and Battalions will order the guards for their respective

The Headquarters will be with the advance. By order of Brevet Brigadier General A. S. Johnston: F. J. PORTER, Assistant Adjutant General.

Corn in the Mountain.

PULASKI COUNTY, Va., July 6, 1858 .-Having been a cultivator of Indian Corn from boyhood, and now being too old to toil in the field, I concluded to make observations upon a lot of good Corn, near the house, commenced the experiment on Sunday, 17th June, on Monday morning, I found it had grown 11 inches, and at 6 o'clock on Monday evening it had grown 41 inches, making the entire growth of 24 hours 6 inches. I continued the experiment 7 days and found the entire and difficult canons easily obstructed. . The growth of the stalk during the 24 hours of the sun's absence to be 10} inches, and the 84 hours in which the sun was present, so &c. Four persons were scalded, but none | French agents offered a bounty to any nagreat was the help of his power, that the dangerously. corn grew 314 inches, which makes the entire growth in 7 days, 42 inches. The growth supassing my expectations. I continued the experiment another week and closed on Sunday evening, the 4th of July, and found by my second week's observation on the growth of the stalk, that it grew 43 inches, and during the 14 days observation, there was not more than one inch difference in the growth of 24 hours. In conclusion, I would say that if I ever saw 14 better days for Corn to grow, it has escaped my recollection. As to other circumstances they were ordinary. The ground was good, old river bottom, rich, though not fresh manured, the stock the best in the hill, two others growing with it; plow- mines, on Wolf creek, by fire damp. Five ed three times and nothing more done to it. This notice is intended to induce some per- posed they will recover. son to make a more perfect effort to let the farmers know the greatest possible growth of

JOHN G. CECIL. Sr. "Have You Got a Pilot on Board!" Since the adventures of the National Guard of New York, on board the Ericsson, in our The houses, fields, and gardens of the Southern rivers, the expression "Have you from Newcastle, England, is ashore at Squam were American colonists. So far from aidpeople of this Territory, particularly in and got a pilot on board?" has become a by-word beach, leaking badly. about Salt Lake City, are very insecure .- in New York. Last Sunday morning at 2 The animals of your army would cause great o'clock, when the Guard arrived in New American, from Liverpool, 30th ult., has ardestruction of property if the greatest care York, per Amboy steamer, they were tired rived at this port. Her advices have been should not be observed in the march, and in out completely. Their companions, who had anticipated. the selecting of camps. The people of the waited up all night, on the New York Battery, Territory are somewhat uneasy for fear the in momentary expectation of their arrival, met army, when it shall reach the valley, would them most enthusiastically, as did the citizens not properly respect their persons and pro- of New York, who piloted the early march of We have assured them that neither their "crack regiment" through Broadway,

After they had been dismissed, the men mand. We would respectfully suggest, in who were half famished, having eaten nothconsequence of this feeling of uneasiness, ing for nearly 24 hours, rushed to the hotels that you issue a proclamation to the people on Broadway to satisfy their hunger. Some command would not trespass upon the rights | they cared more for the quantity than quality sejourn in, or the march of your army with great point, from the amused spectators, through, the Terrisory. Such a proclama- who feared for the Guard's digestive powers,

TO RENT THE LARGE FIRE-& Co.'s and B. H. LAMBERT's, lately occupied by J. & J. T. JANNEY. It is well calculated for accommodating a large GRAIN and FLOUR busi- cie, but it cannot impose the same restrictions should be made. ness; detached from other buildings, and venti- upon individuals. lated by openings on every side. the above warehouse. JOSIAH H. DAVIS.

SELLING OFF AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.—We are now selling off our entire stock of DRY, FANCY, and MILLINERY depositors. In the latter particular he will GOODS, and NOTIONS at great reduced prices undoubtedly fail, as the depositors unanitire stock of DRY, FANCY, and MILLINERY

New Orreans, July 13 - The steamer Empire City, from New York via Havana, suffered no detention at quarantine here, but was allowed to proceed direct to her wharf. vailing in different parts of the Island of account of the unique performance: Cuba, and deaths were quite numerous.

Two vessels, known to be engaged in the slave trade had safely escaped from Havana, but a third, in making the attempt, was

Senor Emil had been arrested and held to bail in the sum of two hundred thousand dollars on the charge of having libelled the Captain General (Concha)

New Orleans, July 13 -- The total number of deaths in this city for the past week was 148, including 19 from consumption and 9 from yellow fever. As compared with the show with what jealous care the general giv. previous week, the above shows an increase on the grand total of six, and in yellow fever cases of one. The city is, nevertheless, regarded as healthy, and no fears are felt that the fever will become epidemic. The cases that have already proved fatal number nineteen, but the disease was no doubt brought from Havana, Mexico, or Rio.

BOSTON, July 14 .-- The Turkish Admiral, Mahommed Pasha, with his suite, sailed in the Arabia to-day. The Admiral is recalled home by special orders from the Sultan .--After inspecting the Turkish ships of war in day, 17th inst., and reach the valley in five Liverpool, the Admiral will proceed to London, where he will hold a consultation with the Turkish Minister, and thence go to Con-Porte with the hostile Montenegries cause his services to be needed in carrying on the war against them, which is said to be the principal reason which influenced the Sultan n recalling him.

Attorney Gen. Black, the subject has by him decrees and the treaties between Mexico and to the administration and execution of the other governments, our own being placed on

> assembled here to-day, and is largely attend- entire line. This afternoon, ex-Governor Reeder was

a choice 64. The convention then adjourned to meet again this evening. Washington, July 14 .- A requisition was

made on the treasury to-day in favor of Colonel Geary, reimbursing money expended by him while Governor of Kansas, in calling out three companies of militia, for which Congress made an appropriation last session. The Secretary of the Navy has been de

tained at home for the last two days by sick-It has been decided not to change the site

elected last March for the Boston postoffice. CINCINNATI, July 13 .- The Republican Gen. Jas. M. Ashley occupying the chair .-laleb B. Smith addressed the convention. There is a full attendence. The convention nominated their ticket. Resolutions were passed denouncing the extravagance of the administration and its Kansas policy.

Mobile, July 12 .- The exports of cotton to England during the past week were 2,000 25,000 bales, and to France 1,000.

Boston, July 13 .-- Etisha Sherman, a well known merchant of this city, of the firm of Blenchard, Snerman & Co., died this morn-

ALBANY, July 14 -- The meeting of citizens last evening to consider the Dudley Observa-Professors Bache and Henry and the Hon. D. D. Barnard, after which resolutions were adopted strongly con lemnatory of the action of the majority of the board of trustees in dismissing Dr. Gould.

TROY, N. Y. July 13 -The new steam propeller Mayflower, of West Troy, while on her trial trip to-day, when nearing the dock English vessels, upon getting a license, in this city, exploded, blowing off the dome of the boiler and demolishing the woodwork,

Boston, July 13 -- The ship Adrianne, reported lost by the Canada, is insured here for \$103,000. It is thought the Arabia, which rescued her crew, and was subsequently wrecked, is the bark Arabia, which | na Cooli entered into a stipulation that he Costigan, Edward with her cargo, was also insured here for

LOUISVILLE, July 14.-Mrs. Patrick Pope and family were poisoned by arsenic put in their food by a slave girl ten or twelve years | to engage volunteers. old. Mrs. Pope is in a critical situation, but the rest of the family are recovering.

POTTSVILLE, PA., July 13 -Five men were instantly killed this morning at Harper's others were seriously injured, but it is sup-

MEMPHIS, July 13 -The Citizens' Bank has closed its doors, and those who hold its "promises to pay," no longer consider paper money the best currency in the world. New York, July 14 - The ship Euphrasia,

oweed by Messrs. Rible & Co., of Baltimore, Quebec, July 13 -The steamship North

A New Operation in Banking. A Richmond broker having lately taken offence at the Central Bank in this place, has resorted to a novel mode of obtaining redress,

of the checks, it is not likely that he will reattempting to injure the Bank through its | Jy 1 for cash only. S. & W. MEYENBERG, mously sustain the Bank in resisting the un-Sarepta Hall. reasonable demand. - Staunton Spectator.

A Great Concert.

Among the incidents of the celebration of the National Anniversary at Boston, was a the world valuable information as to the sal grand and original Concert of artillery and musical instruments combined, executed on the beautiful Boston Mall in the evening.

"The Monster Concert on the Common at ight o'clock was an entire success. The arrapgements were carried out strictly in accordance with the programme. The Brigade, Boston Brass, Metropolitan, and Germania Military Bands were present in full ranks, numbering in all eighty musicians, all under the leadership of B. A. Burditt, of the Brigade Band. The Concert opened with three grand chords, each accompanied by one of the guns of the Light Artillery, under the direction of Capt. Nims. The several pieces laid down in the programme were then played, the effect of which was grand. Those who were fortunate enough stand upon the south side of the music, or on the Charles street mall, could hear distinctly. The wind was quite strong from the north, which took the sound away from the multitude who occupied the flag-staff hill. The last piece, "Hail Columbia," was the crowning performance of the whole Concert. The guns of the Light Artillery were introduced with magniticent effect. With ne or two exceptions, the cannon sounded precisely in time and with wonderful rapidity. Every one was loud in praise of the Arillery for the precision with which they performed their part of this unique entertainment. At the conclusion of "Hail Columbia" stantinople. The difficulties of the Ottoman three or four grand chords were given by the Bands, accompanied by the guns. The multitude shouted as the concert came to a close, and loudly called for an encore of the last piece, but it was not given. The whole affiir was a decided success. No rehearsal Washington, July 14 .- The letter of Mr. was had with the Artillery, except to go Forsyth, the Mexican minister, asking the through the motions without the firing. The opinion of the President relative to the levy of whole affair reflected great credit upon all the Zuloaga government on the property of parties who assisted to the Concert, and we American citizens, having been laid before have no doubt we shall have more of the same sort in the future."

However great may be the present advana footing with the most favored nations .-- tages of the new North-eastern and South-Whilst it is understood that a general tax | western route, between New York and New ritory to the military force of the government may be imposed according to the usual forms Orleans, they are destined to be still further in the execution of their order: I, therefore, for legitimate purposes, yet after taking all increased in course of time. At present, the the data into consideration, and looking to chief obstacle to its universal adoption by the present condition of that country, the the travelling public is the staging for eighty. collection of money in the manner proposed, five miles in the State of Mississippi. It is is, in the nature of a forced contribution .- true this may be avoided by taking the Thus the position of Mr. Forsyth is sustained. steamboat route between New Orleans and HARRI-BURG, PA., July 14 - The Union con- Memphis-but the public will not be satisvention, embracing all the political elements fied notil the gap in the road in Mississippi of the State opposed to the democratic par- shall be filled up and a continuous railroad ty, and especially the present administration, communication established throughout the

But this is not the only point at which there is destined to be a saving of both time elected president, when the balloting for a and distance. The cut off between Clevecandidate for Judge of the Supreme Court | land and Chatanooga in Tennessee will make was commenced. Eight ballots were had the line straighter and shorter, by avoiding without a result, the last one being as follows:—Pearsons 45, Jones 21—necessary to also, the completion of the Lynchburg and Charlottesville road, will lessen the distance between this city and Washington by ninety miles further. It is easy enough to see that when these three ends are accomplishedall of which are now energetically pushed forward-namely the completion of the missing link in Misseissippi, the Cleveland and Chattanooga cut off, and the Lynchburg exention of the Orange and Alexandria Road, it will then be a still greater saving on the present remarkably quick schedule time beween Washington City and New Orleans.

In regad to the condition of the Mississipi Central Road-in which there is the only gap in the present route-we have met with State Convention met at Columbus to-day, a recent statement, in the New Orleans Picayune, which indicates that it will require omparatively little money or labor to com plete it. By the adoption of a wise and vigorous policy, it will be seen it is estimated that the whole line may be completed by the of Directors of this Company was held yes . first of pext January. The construction of railroads in Mississippi is by no means so difficult as with us-tor, instead of baving mountains to encounter, as we do, the surbales. From New Oricans, during the same face of the country is usually level, and the period, the exports to Great Britain were expense of grading comparatively light .--Lynchburg Virginian.

> Charge against the President of Liberta. We alluded the other day to the statement of the surgeon Breulais in regard to the ing the revenue from the Parkersburg branch President of Liberia. We are happy to see there is an aggregate decrease of \$18 240 6 that the statement is contradicted by the compared with June of last year. As com-New York Commercial Advertiser, which pared with last month, there is an increase explains the whole matter entirely to our on the main stem of \$9,537.85; a decrease atisfaction, and we hope to that of the publon the Parkersburg road of \$4 267.60, and

> It seems that when Liberia became inde- ing a nett increase of this month over May pendent, she made treaties with several powers, France among the rest. Under this treaty, France secured the same rights with the most favored nations, and as by treaty, could engage in the coasting trade, so could France. Under these circumstances the tive or colonist who would go as an apprentice. None could be had, and President Benson issued a proclamation forbidding Britt, Jacob Capt any vessel to take away emigrants, without a special license. The Captain of the Regiwould take none who would not go before a Conway & Carpenter magistrate and swear that they went of their | Coyle, James wa accord. He then received a license, and proceeded to Cape Mount and Sugaree

Reports of kidnapping soon began to be prevalent, and when the Legislature met, President Benson called attention to them in his annual message, and asked for more power. This they granted him, and the Commercial says the attempt to escape from the coast is now hedged around by many safe-guards.

Most of the emigrants obtained are described as belonging to the "Vey" tribe, who have an alphabet of their own, and spell and read their own language when written in it. This gave rise to the report that Helm, Jane Mrs many of the blacks on board the Regina ing the colonists to escape or emigrate, the authorities wish to retain all they have and to get all they can .- Rich. Whig.

Profession and Practice.

The Lynchburg Virginian, in an article on the inconsistency of the Democratic leaders, says :- "The Democracy elected James McDowell Governor, and not a word of objection did they raise about his anti-slavery sentiments in the Legislature of 1832. But He has demanded the specie for checks drawn when the Whigs, several years afterwards, by dealers with the Bank and payable in nominated George W. Summers, it was con-'current funds," which have come into his sidered a beinous offence that he had expreshands; and on the refusal of the Bank to sed the same sen iments at the same time of Utab, stating that the army under your of the poor fellows devoured the food as if comply, has had the checks protested. We with McDowell. Anti-slavery was all right are not familiar with the legal enactments with McDowell, he being a Democrat, but touching the subject, but presume that the all wrong with Summers, who happened, unlaw authorizes no proceeding so outrageous fortunately, to be a Whig. Thus do we see and abourd. An individual depositing "cur- that it makes all the difference in the world rent funds" in the Bank, draws his check on which side of the party fence a man hap- Ryman, Henry payable in the same, and the holder comes pens to stand. Summers, it is true, owned Randall, John forward and demands the specie, something sixty or seventy slaves, while Johnson, a TO RENT THE LARGE FIRE forward and demands the specie, something sixty or seventy slaves, white Johnson, a PROOF WAREHOUSE, between Fowne entirely different from what the check calls Northern by birth, owned none—but then for! The law provides, we believe, that no Summers was a Whig. It depends altogeth Stuart, Sarah Miss Bank shall issue a draft not payable in spe- er whose ox is gored, whether reparation

> Goods and Grain will be taken on storage in alluded will do now. If he sues the drawers TAYLOR & HUTCHISON would inform their customers that they will, in a few days, render their semi-annual bills, due 1st of cover, and he may subject himself to dama- July, 1858, and trust they will be promptly ges for assailing private credit, as well as for paid at as early a date as may be practicable.

sail; 60 bbls. No. 3 Mackerel, for sale by WHEAT & BRO. The Gilded Road

Some of the small papers have been giving

aries of the metropolitan clergymen. From

this authority we learn that Henry Ward

Beecher has a yearly salary of \$5,000 and a parsonage rent free, and that, with his liter ary earnings, his income is \$12,000. E. H. Chapin has \$5,000 per annum, and makes as much more by lecturing. Dr. Bethune has \$2,500, but is the possessor of a fortune out side of his professional earnings. Dr. Adams says our authority, has \$5,000 and a rich wife. Dr. Hawks has \$6,000 a year and a house. Dr. Taylor, of Grace church, has \$10,000 and the fice parsonage adjacent to the church. Rev. Messrs. Tyng, Bellows O.good, Cheever, and other leading clerge. men, receive from \$3,000 to \$6,000 per annum. In many cases the salary only represents a small part of the pastor's earnings. If he is young and a bachelor, the young isdies vie with each other in furnishing him with the thousand and one et ceteras which go to make up a gentleman's toilet. He has slippers, and cape, and watch cases, and sopenders and surplices, and all sorts of traps. without number. He may select the "rich est of his fair patrons for his rib," and receive a round dowry from her disbursing agent at sight. His new household is adorn ed with contributions of useful and ornames tal articles-the gifts of his parishioners, who hope to find a short cut to beaven by a heavy fee to its elected representative. In the summer months the fashionable congregation suspends the task of worshipping God in town, in order to adore Satan and all his works at the watering places. The clergy man bolts off to his country seat, and gives himselt up to the sports of the season,-What becomes of the poor sinners who cannot afford to go out of town, we cannot say: nor do we suppose their spiritual pastors and masters have much care about it .- No York Herald. Drowning of Four Brothers. Four brothers were accidentally drowned at Baltimore on Sunday last. Their names

were John, William, Michael, and Thomas Persely, aged respectively 26, 24, 22, and 19 years. It seems that three of the brothers, Michael, James, and Thomas, with another young man, engaged a sail boat for the purpose of taking a oruise through the waters of the Spring Gardens and Patapaco river .-John was present at the time and desired to accompany his brothers, but they refused to admit him on the boat and started off on their excursion of pleasure. After they had gote John procured a skiff and started off on an excursion also. The men were all intoxicated at the time, and consequently were not in a condition to navigate the boat. After the sail boat had been out a short time a stiff breeze struck the sail and she was capsized. All four of the men were turned into the water, and there being no assistance at hand, and the brothers not being able to save themselves by swimming, they were all drowned, whilst their companion availed himself of his knowledge of swimming, and he reached the shore in safety. About the same time, John who was alone in the skiff, commenced exercising himself by pranks peculiar to a drunk en man, and jostled the boat from side to side until at length he lost his equilibrium and was turned over into the water. Sereral persons were on the water near him sad went to his assistance. He refused to allow them to take him into the boat, boasting of his ability to save himself. He continued to battle with the element for some time, and at length becoming exhausted he sank into the depths of the water and was lost. This catastrophe is another sad result of the evils of intemperance, and should teach a moral to those who are daily in the habit of risking their lives by perilous adventures whilst under the influence of intoxicating drinks.-Exchange.

Baltimore and Ohio Rattroad Company The regular monthly meeting of the Board terday. The revenue of the road for the month of June was reported as follows:

Main Stem. N. W. Va. Wash Branch To Passengers \$65,527.86 \$2,955.63 \$27,103.61 \$85,637 Freight... 287,694.65 18,282.23 10,937.77 310.61

\$343,222.51 \$21,237.56 \$38,131.38 \$402.50 These figures, compared with the same month last year, show a decrease of \$41. 356 94 on the main stem, and an increase \$1,872.61 on the Washington branch. Add on the Washington branch of \$4 431 26 -gr

\$838.99 -Balt. Sun. I IST OF LETTERS remaining in the Per Office, at Alexandria, Va., on the 15th da of July, 1858. Persons calling for Letters this list, will please say they are advertised

Arnold, George Ashton, John A Allison, Eudogia A Mas Arrington, Barton Bryan, William Mrs Brown, Daniel Bray, Frankie Miss

Catlett and Family, Mrs

Connell, Nancy Miss Cohagan, Elizabeth W Collins, George Dickenson, Nath Capi Devaughn, John T

Della, Elizabeth Mrs Darby, John Day, James Henry Doan, John Davis, Alberta Miss Ensley, Geo W Capt Eliason, Landon P Easton, Rebecca C Evaps, Lewis J

Grindle, William Gnash, John Gorson, Jacob Gassaway, Augustus Hillcome, Amelia Homan James Capt Hayne, W R Co

Fisher, Anna

Henry Capt Hainey Inman, Michael Cap Innis, Alexander Irwin, Wm H-2

Jones, George B Kennedy, Dennis Kimberley, Abigail

L Lohman J G Mc McPherson, James A McKeeny, James -2

McCannr, Thomas McCafferty, Wm H McNuity, Ann Mrs McCoy, Emily Muir, Mrs (Arlington Place)

Phillips, George Placide, M P

Parker, S S Capt Perry, John Capt Pope, A Laresey Mrs Quinn, Patrick

Riley, George-2 Ridgeway, Elizabeth V Strangly, Elizabeth) St John, Mr Smith, A C Dr Smith, B F Capt

Simpson, John Smith, Ellen Mrs Sullivan, Calbarine Me Sheldon, H G Tolson, Bettie Mrs Tigner, Elizabeth Miss Thompson, Rudolph Tatterson, Mary E

Tarleton, Victorina Wilkins, John W (1) Wood, Phillips Whitacre, Mary Ward, Mark

Wheeler, Roxey Mrs White, Henry Wheeler, Lydia Ann Walker, John W Walmsley, Carver & Co Messis T. W. ASHBY, P &

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